



Archery NZ

Archery New Zealand Inc

Anti Doping Policy Document

Position on Doping

updated November 2011

Archery New Zealand supports Drug Free Sport NZ in their aim to maintain a sporting environment which universally rejects cheating through the use of prohibited drugs and methods.

1.1 Archery New Zealand condemns the use of performance enhancing drugs and doping practices in sport.

The use of performance enhancing drugs and doping practices is contrary to the ethics of sport and potentially harmful to the health of athletes.

1.2 Archery New Zealand aims to stop doping practices in sport by:

- (a) imposing sanctions on persons who commit doping offences
- (b) educating and informing persons about drugs in sport issues, and
- (c) supporting the drug testing programmes and education initiatives of DFSNZ, World Archery, WCSA and the IOC.

1.3 Archery New Zealand will:

- (a) give DFSNZ timely and accurate competitor contact information
- (b) support and assist DFSNZ to conduct doping control
- (c) make this policy available to members, competitors, coaches and officials
- (d) develop and implement in co-operation with DFSNZ, World Archery, WCSA and the IOC, drug education and information programs for competitors, coaches and officials
- (e) support the initiatives of DFSNZ, Sport New Zealand, the IOC, World Archery, WCSA, and WADA, to stop doping in sport.

1.4 Competitors (as defined in the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006) and other persons (under Clause 2) may be subject to investigation and disciplined under this Policy.

1.5 Archery New Zealand will not disclose or use information about a person who has committed a doping offence except (for a purpose under this Policy) to:

- (a) Sport New Zealand, or the IOC
- (b) another person; until after disciplinary proceedings have been completed, unless the person has agreed or authorised otherwise.

This Policy applies to:

- 2.**
- (a) all those persons including, in particular, all competitors (as defined in the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006) who are within the jurisdiction of the Constitution and Rules of Archery New Zealand.
 - (b) employees, contractors and representatives of Archery New Zealand, in accordance with the Employment Relations Act, 2000.
 - (c) coaches, officials, administrators or any other persons involved with the sport governed by Archery New Zealand.



Doping Offences

A doping offence occurs if either:

3.1 A competitor has been notified that:

- (a) there is a determination made under section 3.1 of the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006, that the competitor has committed a doping infraction, or
 - (b) there is a determination made under section 13 of the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006, that the competitor did not have reasonable cause to fail to comply with a request to provide a sample, or
 - (c) there is a report to Archery New Zealand by a Drug Testing Authority other than the DFSNZ that the competitor has taken a prohibited substance or used a prohibited method or there is an exceeding of any permitted level of a substance (as set out in the DFSNZ Schedule), or
 - (d) there is a report to Archery New Zealand by a Drug Testing Authority other than the DFSNZ that the competitor has refused to provide a sample or failed to comply with a request to provide a sample when requested to do so by that Drug Testing Authority.
- or

3.2 A person (including a competitor):

- (a) is knowingly involved in or has admitted trafficking of "drugs" (as defined in the Drug Free Sport New Zealand Act, or
- (b) knowingly assists, or is knowingly involved in the commission of any activity of doping involving another person.

Therapeutic Purpose

4. A person uses a scheduled drug or doping method for a therapeutic purpose if:

- (a) The person had written approval prior to testing from a recognised medical authority, eg World Archery Medical Committee, for the therapeutic use of the scheduled drug or doping method;
- (b) The level of the scheduled drug or doping method in the sample is consistent with the approved therapeutic use; and
- (c) The therapeutic use of the scheduled drug or doping method is not inconsistent with World Archery, WCSA and IOC rules.

Referral of a Doping Offence to Hearing

5.1 Where Archery New Zealand receives information (including but not limited to, a notice regarding a doping offence from a drug testing agency) that a person has or may have committed a doping offence, Archery New Zealand will:

- a) In the case of an alleged doping offence arising out of a doping control test carried out by or on behalf of World Archery (whether during in or out of competition), refer the matter to World Archery for determination in accordance with the World Archery rules governing doping control.
- b) In all other cases, make applications to the Sports Disputes Tribunal of New Zealand for the matter to be heard and determined by it in accordance with its rules.

Archery New Zealand will send a copy of its application to the person against whom it alleges has committed a doping offence (the defendant).



Referral of a Doping Offence to Hearing *continued*

5.2 At any time prior to the commencement of the hearing, the defendant may acknowledge in writing to Archery New Zealand and the Registrar of the Tribunal that:

- a) he/she admits the doping offence;
- b) he/she accepts the imposition of sanctions set out in this policy and in the manner described in the rules of the Tribunal.

5.3 Archery New Zealand may:

- a) suspend financial or other assistance to the person; and/or
- b) suspend the person from competition and events conducted by or under the auspices of Archery New Zealand pending determination of the matter”.

6.1 A referral to World Archery shall be heard and determined in accordance with World Archery rules governing doping control.

6.2 An application by Archery New Zealand to the Tribunal to hear and determine an alleged doping offence shall be heard and determined in accordance with the rules of the Tribunal. (copies of which are available from Archery New Zealand)

Sanctions

7.1 The Tribunal will apply one or more of the following sanctions:

- (a) ban the person from selection to represent New Zealand in international competition.
- (b) ban the person from competing in any events and competitions conducted by or under the auspices of Archery New Zealand.
- (c) make the person ineligible to receive direct or indirect funding or assistance from Archery New Zealand
- (d) ban the person from holding any position within Archery New Zealand, or being involved in any other way within Archery New Zealand.
- (e) require that the person remain on DFSNZ's annual testing programme for the purpose of out-of-competition testing and be subject to the rules of Archery New Zealand
- (f) recommend that:
 - (i) Archery New Zealand, and/or
 - (ii) Sport New Zealandrequire the person to repay financial assistance given to the person from the date of the doping offence.
- (g) require the person go to counselling for a specified period
- (h) withdraw awards, placings and records won by the competitor or the competitor's team in events and competitions conducted by or under the auspices of Archery New Zealand from the date of the doping offence
- (i) reprimand the person
- (j) fine the person or direct the person to pay costs
- (k) suspend the person from membership of Archery New Zealand.



Sanctions *continued*

7.2 Where the Tribunal confirms a doping offence by an employee, contractor or representative of Archery New Zealand, Archery New Zealand will take disciplinary action against the employee or contractor, having regard to the Employment Relations Act, 2000.

Length of Sanctions

8.1 Where the doping offence involves ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, pseudoephedrine, caffeine, strychnine or related substances, as listed and defined as stimulants, class A, in WADA material the following sanctions under Section 6 of the WADA Prohibited List 2011 will apply for

- (a) three months or less for the first doping offence
- (b) two years for a second doping offence
- (c) life for a third doping offence

8.2 Where the doping offence involves

- (a) a prohibited substance other than one of those identified in Section 6 above
- (b) a prohibited method
- (c) a refusal to provide a sample
- (d) trafficking
- (e) any other cases sanctions under sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 of the WADA Prohibited List 2011 will apply for
 - (i) a minimum of two years for a first doping offence
 - (ii) life for the second doping offence

8.3 The sanction will apply from the date of the doping offence and take account of any period of suspension unless the Tribunal decides otherwise.

Archery New Zealand Enforcement of Sanctions

9.1 Archery New Zealand will enforce the sanction decided by the Tribunal if the sanction is consistent with this Policy.

9.2 Archery New Zealand will recognise and enforce a sanction properly imposed on a person who has committed a doping offence under the anti-doping rules or Policy of:

- (a) World Archery and/or WCSA
- (b) the IOC, or
- (c) another National Sports' Organisation, and Archery New Zealand will then apply an equivalent sanction in its own sport where the offence would be a doping offence under this Policy.

9.3 Archery New Zealand must inform:

- (a) the person
- (b) any sports organisations as appropriate
- (c) Sport New Zealand
- (d) DFSNZ
- (e) World Archery and/or WCSA

of the doping offence and the sanction applied by the Tribunal. Archery New Zealand may then inform other persons or organisations as Archery New Zealand thinks appropriate.

9.4 Archery New Zealand may reinstate financial or other assistance to the person which Archery New Zealand suspended under clause 5.

Retirement and Comebacks

- 10.1** A person may retire from competition by notifying Archery New Zealand in writing.
- 10.2** The person's retirement date will be the date Archery New Zealand receives the notice.
- 10.3** Retirement does not:
- (a) excuse the person from giving a sample requested before the retirement date
 - (b) prevent the analysis of a sample given by the person before their retirement date
 - (c) affect the results of testing under (a) or (b) above, or
 - (d) exempt the person from this Policy in relation to a doping offence committed before their retirement date.
- 10.4** A person may make a written request to Archery New Zealand for reinstatement one year after their retirement date. The request is taken to be made on the date Archery New Zealand receives the request.
- 10.5** Reinstatement will be at the discretion of Archery New Zealand.
- 10.6** This Policy will apply to the person from the date of their reinstatement request.
- 10.7** During the six month period following the reinstatement request the person may be tested:
- (a) as required by Archery New Zealand, World Archery, WCSA and the IOC rules, and
 - (b) at the discretion of DFSNZ.
- 10.8** A retired person may not compete in competitions and events conducted by or under the auspices of Archery New Zealand until the following periods expire:
- For international competitions and events:***
2 years from the date of the reinstatement request.
- For domestic competitions and events:***
6 months from the date of the reinstatement request.
- 10.9** A person may apply to the Tribunal to be eligible to compete in international competitions and events before **the period set out in clause 10.8 expires.**
- 10.10** A person may apply to Archery New Zealand to be eligible to compete in domestic competitions and events before the period set out in clause 10.8 expires



11.1 In this Policy:

"Sport New Zealand" (formally SPARC) established by the Sport and Recreation Act 2002.

"DFSNZ" means the Drug Free Sport New Zealand established by the Drug Free Sport New Zealand Act 1994.

"CAS" means the Court of Arbitration for Sport (Oceania Registry).

"Coach, official and administrator" mean a person who administers, manages, assists or is otherwise involved in the sport of archery other than as a competitor.

"Competitor" means a competitor as defined under the Drug Free Sport New Zealand Act 1994

"doping offence" as defined in Clause 3

"drug testing authority" means:

- (a) DFSNZ, or
- (b) an agency appointed or contracted by DFSNZ, World Archery, WCSA or Archery New Zealand or a national drug testing authority which:
 - (i) operates under its own rules and regulations, and
 - (ii) has samples analysed by a World Archery or an WCSA approved or an IOC/WADA accredited laboratory,
- or (c) an agency which conducts testing on competitors for the detection of prohibited substances where:
 - (i) the methods of testing substantially accord with World Archery, WCSA or IOC procedures, and
 - (ii) the sample is analysed by a World Archery or WCSA approved or an IOC accredited laboratory.

"World Archery" means Federation Internationale de Tir a l'Arc

"WCSA" means World Crossbow Shooting Association Inc.

"IOC" means the International Olympic Committee created by the Congress of Paris of 23 June 1894 which is entrusted with the control and development of the Modern Olympic Games pursuant to the Olympic Charter.

"Archery New Zealand" means Archery New Zealand Incorporated and includes its members and affiliated organisations.

"Tribunal" means the Sports Disputes Tribunal of New Zealand established by Sport New Zealand

"positive test result" means a result of a test by a drug testing authority which shows the presence of a prohibited substance in a sample or the use of a prohibited method.

"prohibited method" means a method prohibited under the anti-doping Policy of:

- (a) World Archery, the WCSA, or
- (b) the IOC, or
- (c) a method contained in the schedule of the DFSNZ.

"prohibited substance" means a substance prohibited under the anti-doping Policy of:

- (a) World Archery, the WCSA, or
- (b) the IOC, or
- (c) a substance contained in the schedule of the DFSNZ or WADA Prohibited Substance List 2011.

"recognised medical authority" means:

- (a) the Drug Free Sport New Zealand medical advisory panel; or
- (b) an authority recognised by World Archery or the WCSA which may authorise the use of a scheduled drug or doping method.



11.1 In this Policy:

“sample” means human biological fluid or tissue.

“testing” means the requesting, collecting and analysing of a sample.

“trafficking” means:

- (a) manufacturing, extracting, transforming, preparing storing, expediting, transporting, importing, transiting, offering, (whether subject to payment or free of charge), distributing, selling, exchanging, brokering, obtaining in any form, prescribing, commercialising, making over, accepting, possessing, holding, buying or acquiring in any manner a prohibited substance
- (b) financing or serving as an intermediary for the finance of any of the activities in paragraph (a)
- (c) being knowingly concerned or involved in a prohibited method other than for personal use by a person who is not a competitor, for personal use by a competitor where the competitor has approval for therapeutic use, or in the course of the lawful exercise of professional medical, pharmaceutical or analogous activities.

“WADA” means World Anti Doping Agency.

11.2 Words in the singular include the plural and vice versa.

11.3 A person includes a body corporate.

For further information visit: <http://www.sportscheck.org.nz/>



Archery NZ

Archery New Zealand Board

ANZ is an affiliated society that is run by an elected board.

The Board has a President, Vice President, Treasurer and Secretary (the Executive) and has elected members who are to specifically represent the different sub groups such as JAMA, Coaches, Judges, and the archers themselves.

All of these positions are elected for a two year period. Most clubs are affiliated societies as well and hence have elected members.

Voluntary Organisation

All positions are voluntary so if you would like to help then just put your hand up.

Welcome and enjoy!

